# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Version 5.5 Revision Date 05/24/2016 Print Date 10/04/2019

#### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

1.1 Product identifiers

Product name : Sulfuryl chloride fluoride

Product Number : 437999
Brand : Aldrich

CAS-No. : 13637-84-8

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Synthesis of substances

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Sigma-Aldrich

3050 Spruce Street SAINT LOUIS MO 63103

**USA** 

Telephone : +1 800-325-5832 Fax : +1 800-325-5052

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency Phone # : +1-703-527-3887 (CHEMTREC)

#### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

# 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

# GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)

Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 3), H301 Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 3), H331 Acute toxicity, Dermal (Category 3), H311 Skin corrosion (Category 1B), H314 Serious eye damage (Category 1), H318

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

#### 2.2 GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram

Signal word Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H301 + H311 + H331 Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary statement(s)

P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face

protection.

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P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. P301 + P330 + P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. P322 Specific measures (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label). P361 Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

#### 2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS

Reacts violently with water. Strong hydrogen fluoride-releaser

#### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### 3.1 Substances

Formula : CIFO<sub>2</sub>S

Molecular weight : 118.52 g/mol
CAS-No. : 13637-84-8
EC-No. : 237-126-2

**Hazardous components** 

Component	Classification	Concentration
Chlorosulphonyl fluoride		
	Acute Tox. 3; Skin Corr. 1B;	<= 100 %
	Eye Dam. 1; H301 + H311 +	
	H331, H314	

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

#### General advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area. Hydrofluoric (HF) acid burns require immediate and specialized first aid and medical treatment. Symptoms may be delayed up to 24 hours depending on the concentration of HF. After decontamination with water, further damage can occur due to penetration/absorption of the fluoride ion. Treatment should be directed toward binding the fluoride ion as well as the effects of exposure. Skin exposures can be treated with a 2.5% calcium gluconate gel repeated until burning ceases. More serious skin exposures may require subcutaneous calcium gluconate except for digital areas unless the physician is experienced in this technique, due to the potential for tissue injury from increased pressure. Absorption can readily occur through the subungual areas and should be considered when undergoing decontamination. Prevention of absorption of the fluoride ion in cases of ingestion can be obtained by giving milk, chewable calcium carbonate tablets or Milk of Magnesia to conscious victims. Conditions such as hypocalcemia, hypomagnesemia and cardiac arrhythmias should be monitored for, since they can occur after exposure.

#### If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

#### In case of skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Take victim immediately to hospital. Consult a physician. First treatment with calcium gluconate paste.

# In case of eye contact

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician. Continue rinsing eyes during transport to hospital.

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#### If swallowed

Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

# 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Dry powder

# 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

No data available

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

#### 5.4 Further information

No data available

#### **6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear respiratory protection. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

For personal protection see section 8.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

# 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material and dispose of as hazardous waste. Do not flush with water. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

# 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist.

For precautions see section 2.2.

# 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Never allow product to get in contact with water during storage.

Recommended storage temperature -20 °C

Do not store in glass

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1 Control parameters

Components with workplace control parameters

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Component	CAS-No.	Value	Control parameters	Basis	
Chlorosulphonyl fluoride	13637-84-8	TWA	2.500000 mg/m3	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants	
Remarks		CAS number varies with compound			
		TWA	2.500000 mg/m3	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-2	
		Z37.28-1969			
		TWA	2.500000 mg/m3	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	
		Bone damage Fluorosis Substances for which there is a Biolog (see BEI® section) Not classifiable as a human carcinoge varies		· ·	
		TWA	2.500000 mg/m3	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	
		Bone damage Fluorosis Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or II (see BEI® section) Not classifiable as a human carcinogen varies			
		TWA	2.5 mg/m3	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants	
		CAS number varies with compound		oound	
		TWA	2.5 mg/m3	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)	
		Bone damage Fluorosis Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure In (see BEI® section) Not classifiable as a human carcinogen varies		rcinogen	
		PEL	2.5 mg/m3	California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)	

Biological occupational exposure limits

Biological occupational exposure limits					
Component	CAS-No.	Parameters	Value	Biological specimen	Basis
Chlorosulphonyl fluoride	13637-84-8	Fluoride	3.0000 mg/g	In urine	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
	Remarks	Prior to shift (16 hours after exposure ceases)			
		Fluoride	10.0000 mg/g	In urine	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
		End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)			
		Fluoride	2 mg/l	Urine	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
		Prior to shift (16 hours after exposure ceases)			
		Fluoride	3 mg/l	Urine	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)

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End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

# Appropriate engineering controls

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

#### Personal protective equipment

#### Eye/face protection

Tightly fitting safety goggles. Faceshield (8-inch minimum). Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

#### Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

#### **Body Protection**

Complete suit protecting against chemicals, Flame retardant protective clothing, The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

# Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multipurpose combination (US) or type ABEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

#### Control of environmental exposure

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

a) Appearance

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form: liquid

b)	Odour	No data available
c)	Odour Threshold	No data available
d)	рН	No data available
e)	Melting point/freezing point	No data available
f)	Initial boiling point and boiling range	No data available
g)	Flash point	113 °C (235 °F) - closed cup
h)	Evaporation rate	No data available
i)	Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
j)	Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	No data available
k)	Vapour pressure	No data available
l)	Vapour density	No data available
m)	Relative density	No data available
n)	Water solubility	No data available
o)	Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available
p)	Auto-ignition temperature	No data available

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q) Decomposition No data available temperature

r) Viscosity No data available
 s) Explosive properties No data available
 t) Oxidizing properties No data available

# 9.2 Other safety information

No data available

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### 10.1 Reactivity

No data available

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reacts violently with water.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat

Exposure to moisture

Reacts dangerously with glass.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong acids, Reacts violently with water., Alcohols, Basesglass

# 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Sulphur oxides, Hydrogen chloride gas, Hydrogen fluoride

Other decomposition products - No data available

In the event of fire: see section 5

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

# **Acute toxicity**

No data available

No data available

# Skin corrosion/irritation

No data available

# Serious eye damage/eye irritation

No data available

# Respiratory or skin sensitisation

No data available

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

# Carcinogenicity

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as

probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a

known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a

carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

#### Reproductive toxicity

No data available

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No data available

#### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available

# Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

# **Aspiration hazard**

No data available

#### **Additional Information**

RTECS: WT4900000

Fluoride ion can reduce serum calcium levels possibly causing fatal hypocalcemia.

Material is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin., spasm, inflammation and edema of the larynx, spasm, inflammation and edema of the bronchi, pneumonitis, pulmonary edema, burning sensation, Cough, wheezing, laryngitis, Shortness of breath, Headache, Nausea

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 12.1 Toxicity

No data available

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

No data available

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Product

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material. Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber.

#### Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT (US)

UN number: 2922 Class: 8 (6.1) Packing group: I

Proper shipping name: Corrosive liquids, toxic, n.o.s. (Chlorosulphonyl fluoride)

Poison Inhalation Hazard: No

**IMDG** 

UN number: 2922 Class: 8 (6.1) Packing group: I EMS-No: F-A, S-B

Proper shipping name: CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (Chlorosulphonyl fluoride)

IATA

UN number: 2922 Class: 8 (6.1) Packing group: I

Proper shipping name: Corrosive liquid, toxic, n.o.s. (Chlorosulphonyl fluoride)

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#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### **SARA 302 Components**

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

#### **SARA 313 Components**

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

#### SARA 311/312 Hazards

Acute Health Hazard

#### **Massachusetts Right To Know Components**

No components are subject to the Massachusetts Right to Know Act.

#### Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

CAS-No. Revision Date Chlorosulphonyl fluoride 13637-84-8 2008-06-01

**New Jersey Right To Know Components** 

CAS-No. Revision Date 13637-84-8 2008-06-01

# Chlorosulphonyl fluoride California Prop. 65 Components

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

#### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

#### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

Acute Tox. Acute toxicity
Eye Dam. Serious eye damage
H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H301 + H311 + Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled

H331

H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

#### **HMIS Rating**

Health hazard: 3
Chronic Health Hazard:
Flammability: 1
Physical Hazard 0

# **NFPA Rating**

Health hazard: 3
Fire Hazard: 1
Reactivity Hazard: 0

# **Further information**

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Preparation Information Sigma-Aldrich Corporation Product Safety – Americas Region 1-800-521-8956

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